

MEDICAL TESTIMONY

Tucker Defence Submits It's Experts.

SEQUENCE OF WOUNDS.

All Agree That the One in the Back Was the First One — Miss Page May Have Lived Ten Minutes.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 19.—The Tucker trial was adjourned a half hour earlier than usual for luncheon yesterday noon, so that Atty. Gen. Parker might run over to the State House and be sworn in. The entire forenoon was taken up in the examination of two of the witnesses for the defence. Profs. Leary and Austin of the Tufts Medical school.

Both testified that in their opinion the blood stains on the knife were not consistent with human blood, but both on cross-examination paid their tribute of respect to their former teacher, Prof. Wood, expert for the state, and Prof. Leary stated that if Prof. Wood had sufficient data upon which to form an opinion his was the highest judgment available in this country.

It appeared in the course of the cross-examination that the two blood experts for the defence did not entirely agree with regard to the measurements of the blood corpuscles from the knife.

The point that Atty. Gen. Parker is apparently trying to make in his cross-examinations is that the opinions of the experts for the defence are not comparable with those of Prof. Wood, whose demonstration of problems of this kind is the highest scientific deduction to be obtained in this country.

The last of the handwriting experts for the defence, William E. Hington, took the stand in the morning, and was briefly examined by Mr. Vahey. He was not cross-examined because of an agreement between the attorneys in the case not to cross-examine the fourth handwriting expert on either side.

In the court room appeared the medical and surgical experts for the defence—Drs. Arthur E. Austin and Timothy Leary on the chemistry and pathology of the bloodstains, Dr. Edward A. Pease on the character of knife wounds, and Drs. Melville E. Webb and Joseph S. Lockhart as surgical experts.

Charles H. Innes of counsel for the defence appeared in court this morning to conduct the medical testimony. Testimony that the wounds which caused the death of Mabel Page could not have been caused by a knife like that taken from Charles L. Tucker, and that they could have been caused by a common kitchen knife, was given at the trial in the afternoon by Dr. Edward A. Pease, one of the medical experts summoned by the defence and the third to testify.

SENTENCED FOR ADULTERY.

Man and Woman Arrested in St. Albans Go To House of Correction.

St. Albans, Jan. 19.—Ambrose Hoag and Josephine Coussey, St. John, who were held for the grand jury by Justice of the Peace C. S. Gates, of Swanton, on a charge of adultery, appeared before City Judge Lee S. Tillotson in city court and pleaded guilty to information filed against them by State's Attorney Warren R. Austin, charging them with the offence for which they were held. They were sentenced to not less than three months nor more than four months at hard labor in the house of correction. Deputy Sheriff William Medor of Swanton, took both respondents to the house of correction this morning.

Factory Going to Brattleboro.

White River Junction, Jan. 19.—The special town meeting which was called for Saturday afternoon to consider the question of exempting from taxation the chair factory, when rebuilt, has been abandoned. It is understood that the whole enterprise will be transferred to Brattleboro.

RIGHT HERE AT HOME

Vermont People Who Recommend and Endorse Father John's Medicine

NEGLECTED THE COLD

It Grew Worse Until Thomas McDermott of Center Rutland Cured It With Father John's Medicine.

I do not believe Father John's Medicine has its equal either as a body-builder or as a cure for colds. I had a slight cold, but because I did not do anything for it it developed into a very bad one. I had read of Father John's Medicine and decided to try one bottle of it. It did me a great deal of good, curing my cold and making me feel better every day. (Signed) Thomas McDermott, Jr., Center Rutland, Vt.

Remember, Father John's Medicine is free from opium, morphine or poisonous drugs in any form, upon which 99 per cent. of the so-called cough cures depend for their temporary effect and which are dangerous. We warn you against them. Not a patent medicine—50 years in use.

AFTER PNEUMONIA

Charles Lynch of Rutland Had a Severe Cough, But Cured It By Using Father John's Medicine.

Father John's Medicine has helped me wonderfully. I had a very bad cough after pneumonia, for which I tried every kind of medicine without avail. I resolved to send for some of Father John's Medicine, as I could not get it in the city at that time. I have already taken three bottles and am still taking it. My cough has disappeared. I cannot say enough in praise of Father John's Medicine. (Signed) Charles Lynch, 42 Meadow St., Rutland, Vt. Cures colds and all throat and lung troubles, prevents pneumonia and consumption.

Cleek that Cough before it becomes Bronchitis!

Nothing Relieves so Quickly as

Roderic's Wild Cherry Cough Balsam

H. B. Webb, representative to the Maine legislature, says: "I had used all the leading cough remedies for a very troublesome cough which I had for a long time but found nothing to relieve me until I used Roderic's Wild Cherry Cough Balsam, which entirely cured me. I consider it the best cough remedy obtainable and shall always recommend it."

Price 25 Cents.

Extra large bottles. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

DR. IRVINE EXPLAINS.

Says Church Refused Redress, and He Was Forced to Go to Courts.

Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—"I have brought civil action against Bishop Talbot because he has tried to hide his guilt behind ecclesiastical canonical technicalities. The Protestant Episcopal church has failed to vindicate me; has failed even to investigate my charges. 'I shall have public redress and force Talbot to face his libellous statements about me in the courts. Perhaps he will again endeavor to hush the scandal with legal technicalities. The bishop always defends himself in such manner.'"

Dr. Irvine made the above statements at his home in West Philadelphia today.

The case will be heard the first Monday in February," he added.

HOLD UP ON FIFTH AVE.

Stage Coach Passenger Relieved of Several Hundred Dollars.

New York, Jan. 18.—It develops today that in daylight a Fifth avenue stage coach passenger was held up a few days ago by a thief armed with a big revolver. The holdup was at Twenty-third street and Fifth avenue. The victim is a prominent New York woman who kept her name secret because she does not want publicity. She lost several hundred dollars.

No Basket Ball League.

Montpelier, Jan. 19.—Secretary Bolles states that there will no league of the basket ball teams of the several Y. M. C. A. organizations in the state this year as was expected at first. The teams at Brattleboro and Bennington said it would be impossible for them to come in because of the expenses that they would incur in playing teams in the other sections of the state. Proctor could not enter because of lack of suitable room for spectators and some of the others were handicapped in this respect. However, some of the associations will have teams but the men will not be registered as was desired at the time the movement was started.

The Spread of the Peach Belt.

The "peach belt" of the United States is spreading in both width and breadth fully as rapidly as the "apple belt," says the Chicago Tribune. Michigan, Delaware, Georgia—these are the traditional peach states. To these must now be added every southern state, with the exception of perhaps Florida. The last decade has seen a remarkable development in the peach orchards of the southern part of Illinois. But it is in states south of Mason and Dixon's line, the old cotton states, that the peach as a big crop has been seriously taken up. Alabama, both as for quality and quantity, is beginning to claim for recognition in this line, and Tennessee, Texas and Missouri are also states where the peach is being scientifically cultivated with an eye to developing orchards to supply world markets.

Fighting Crickets.

Among the curiosities of Canton are shops where crickets are reared for fighting, as the Filipino fighting cocks. The Chinese gamble on the results, and a good fighting cricket is sometimes sold for \$100.

RUTLAND ROAD SOLD

New York Central Acquires Control.

NEW DIRECTORS ELECTED

Webb, Depew, Clement, Proctor and Others Remain — W. H. Newman Succeeds Webb as President.

New York, Jan. 18.—The New York Central Railroad Company announces that it has bought control of the Rutland railroad and of the St. Lawrence & Adirondack by the purchase of the majority of stock of each road.

At a meeting of the Rutland directors the following named were elected to represent the new control: W. K. Vanderbilt, S. W. Vanderbilt, H. McK. Twombly, J. P. Morgan, William Rockefeller, James Stillman and W. H. Newman. The following named directors remained on the board: Seward Webb, Chauncey M. Depew, and Messrs. Merrill, Clement, Proctor, and Pine. Practically the same board of directors was elected for the St. Lawrence & Adirondack.

The new directors of the Rutland elected the following named officers: President, W. H. Newman; vice presidents, E. V. W. Rossiter, W. C. Brown, John Carstensen, Aug. W. J. Wilgus, assistant clerk, Dwight Pardee; assistant treasurer, E. L. Rossiter. The same officers were elected for St. Lawrence & Adirondack except that Messrs. Pardee and Rossiter were elected secretary and treasurer, respectively.

Mr. Newman is president of the New York Central, and the new vice-presidents of the Rutland are also vice-presidents of the New York Central.

The Rutland Railroad company operates 415 miles of road between Bellows Falls, Ogdensburg, and Rutland, Vt., and Chatham, N. Y. It also controls the Rutland Transit company, which operates steamers between Ogdensburg and Chicago, Duluth, etc. All but \$199,400 of the common stock has been exchanged for the preferred stock on the basis of ten shares of common stock for one share of preferred stock. The preferred stock has had an irregular dividend record. The last dividend was paid in January, 1903. The surplus earnings since that time have been applied to improvements. The preferred stock prior to 1895 paid 4 per cent annually for a number of years, but at the present time there are more than 130 per cent of accumulated dividends on it. The latest published statement of earnings was for the quarter ended Dec. 31, which showed a surplus after charges of \$54,681 which compared with \$50,776 for the same quarter in 1903.

Bird and Botanical Clubs.

Burlington, January 19.—The closing sessions of the Vermont Bird and Botanical clubs were held this morning with an increase in attendance. A most pleasant social evening was the banquet held last evening in the gymnasium building of the University of Vermont.

The Bird club met at ten o'clock for an hour and then adjourned for the rest of the forenoon to give way to the Botanical club which met in the same rooms. The principal speakers at the morning session of the Bird club were Miss F. E. Clark of St. Johnsbury, who spoke on "A Few Warblers I Have Known," George H. Ross of Rutland, who presented an interesting paper on the birds of Rutland county, W. A. Kent of Wallingford, whose topic was "Nesting Habits of the Dymph Hawk," and Miss E. H. Terry of Northampton, Mass., who spoke about "Nine Owls."

The speakers at the session of the Botanical club included President Ezra Brainerd of Middlebury college, who is also president of the club, Miss Nellie Flinn, A. J. Groat, W. H. Blanchard, W. H. Campbell, William Stewart, Mrs. Davenport, C. H. Richards and other well known botanists. The papers were all of much interest and the meetings of both clubs were the most successful held in a long time.

The Children don't make wry faces

when they take Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. It is pleasant to take and invariably cures coughs and colds quickly. That's why it's the sovereign family remedy. Sold by all Druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute

CHICAGO'S SUBWAY.

Features of the City's Underground Freight System.

While the New York subway takes passengers and pedestrians from congested streets, the Chicago tunnel system purposes to do away with the teaming and heavy hauling on the thoroughfares, making it possible for a million people to use with comfort the downtown streets in pleasure vehicles or street cars, unimpeded by the delivery carts, drays and coal wagons that have rendered the highways almost impassable at times, says William E. Danforth in Harper's Weekly.

The street situation in Chicago may be better understood when it is recalled that the early builders of the city for financial and physical reasons centered the railway terminals, freight depots, wholesale establishments, retail stores and more than 70 per cent of the manufacturing plants within or on the edge of an area one and one-half miles square. The teaming necessary to the transfer of goods in this district has grown to such proportions as to be unequaled in any city of the world for a similar space. On thirty-two miles of streets the daily movement of merchandise has averaged 112,000 tons. During the busy hours as many as a thousand teams have been counted passing a street corner in an hour. Within a section one and one-half miles square 70,000 vehicles have been employed at a yearly cost of \$50,000,000, while 750,000 clerks, laboring people and business men have been confined to the same territory, together with thousands of shoppers visiting the retail stores.

In view of these conditions it is easy to see what the subterranean freight system means to Chicago. The basement of every business house in the congested area now has direct access to the subway tracks leading to the terminal railway freight yards and to the depots of the twenty-five railway trunk lines and the thirteen branches entering the city.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Professor Adolf von Menzel, Berlin's most famous painter, celebrated the other day his eighty-ninth birthday.

Lafadio Hearn attracted much attention in Germany shortly before his death. He is now to be made accessible to German readers by a translation of all of his books.

One of the most extreme vegetarians is the well known Russian sculptor, Prince Troubetzkoi, who recently visited Paris. He considers meat eaters not much better than cannibals, taboo even eggs and milk and lives on vegetables boiled in oil, salads, fruits and bread.

THE CHADWICK EPISODE.

This Chadwick episode has effectively disposed of the slander that women have no head for business.—Toledo Times.

If Mrs. Chadwick ever gets out with her fortune intact she ought to endow a night school for the education of bankers.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Here is that old, old question again as to how it is that the women dupe men so easily not only in money affairs, but in about everything else. The conundrum is as old as Adam. So is the answer.—Boston Herald.

A VANQUISHED HERO.



"Well, general, you put up a magnificent fight."

—Chicago Tribune.

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Pianos of the Better Type.

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BILLS MAY BE PASSED

Railroad Rate Legislation by Congress Seems Likely.

BASED ON HEPBURN BILL

To This Extent the Situation Has Now Cleared — The Senate However, Dominates the Field.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.—It is asserted today with more than ordinary show of conviction that an agreement is making, between the leaders of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, in accordance with which railroad rate legislation will be enacted into law at the present session of Congress.

The basis of the legislation will be the measure drawn by Col. W. P. Hepburn, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the House. That bill has already been considered by the President, Atty. Gen. Moody, Secretaries Taft and Morton, and members of the House and Senate. It does not meet the approval of all, but it is believed to be a good foundation for a measure which probably can be enacted.

It is suggested that an effort may be made to enact a law that in a perfunctory way would meet the recommendations of President Roosevelt, yet not to be what he wants. It is indicated authoritatively, however, that no such measure as that is likely to be enacted. The President and his friends, who are aware of the plan suggested, will not permit such a situation to arise.

The probability is that the Hepburn bill will be introduced very soon. It will be referred then to the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, and within a reasonable time be reported to the House from that committee. The expectation is that the measure will be passed by the House before Feb. 1. What the Senate may do with the bill yet is problematical, but the President has received assurances that a vigorous effort will be made to secure affirmative action on it at this session. In this effort it is understood the majority will have the support of many Democratic senators.

MORMON ORGANIZATION.

Prof. Talmage of the Church Tells of the Power of the Various Quorums.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Prof. James E. Talmage of the Utah State University today, before the Smoot investigating committee of the Senate, gave a detailed description of the organization of the Mormon church and the authority held by the various quorums.

The apostles, as a body, have no authority over the first presidency except in their advisory capacity. Parties to suits in the church courts do not have legal counsel, as it is the purpose of the church to "steer clear of the lawyers," said the witness.

A number of letters showing the action of the church in appeals of land cases were offered in evidence to prove that they do not prevent the taking into civil courts of such matters as involve questions of law.

Prof. Talmage has been a Mormon all his life. He is the author of "Articles of Faith," which he prepared at the request of the first presidency.

TWO MISSOURI BALLOTS FAIL.

Bolt Prevents the Election of Neidringhaus.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 18.—Representatives Rittinger, Branch, Cook, El-

Hott, Grace and Roach today bolted the caucus nominee, Thomas K. Niedringhaus for United States senator, to succeed Francis M. Cockrell, when the first ballot of House members was taken in joint session, resulting in no election. The vote stood: Niedringhaus 87, Cockrell 83, Kerens 6.

The Kerens men were cheered as they bolted the nomination of the state chairman. It is reported that the name of Major William Warner of Kansas City will be presented as a compromise candidate. The Warner men are threatening to leave the Niedringhaus forces. Representative Lyons of Kansas City, Warner's representative, said: "I cannot say at this time whether we will spring Warner's name; we must await developments."

TARIFF REVISION WEDGE.

Ten Per Cent Reduction in Steel to Be Proposed with Subsidy Bill.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Consideration of the ship subsidy measure in the House is likely to open up tariff revision. Representative Stevens of Minnesota has declared he will submit an amendment to the present subsidy bill to reduce the steel schedule 10 per cent.

He considers it apropos because shipbuilders in this country are paying about \$8 per ton more on steel than shipbuilders abroad.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

MARRIED MONTPELIER WOMAN.

Passadena, Cal., Man Courted by Mail and Won a Bride.

Passadena, Jan. 19.—Dr. Hiram A. Reid, the noted historian of this place, the father and pioneer of anti-saloon legislation in California, has joined the ranks of the benedicts. The news of his marriage to Mrs. Adeline Jewett Magoun, a native of Montpelier, Vt., last Saturday evening, came as a surprise today. The ceremony was performed in the home of his foster son, Fred Reid Harris, Orange Grove boulevard, by the Rev. Ida Curtis of the Friends' church, in the presence of Mr. Harris and family and a number of friends.

Mr. Reid, who is seventy years of age, inserted an advertisement in one of the local papers some time ago which read as follows:

Matrimonial—A widower of culture and refinement, past middle age, in good health, with a small home and income enough for two, wishes to correspond with widow or maiden lady of suitable age, with a view to marriage if mutually suited. Address "David," Box 607, Pasadena.

Though he received thirteen replies he bade defiance to superstition by selecting the most attractive reply to his appeal and at once began a correspondence, which ended in matrimony.

Mrs. Reid is twenty years her husband's junior and came to Pasadena about a year ago. Both bride and bridegroom are living happily in the "small home," No. 139 Mary street.

Overseer Smith's Proposition.

Stories are sometimes told of overseers of the poor giving free transportation to transient and poor people to get them into some other town in order to be rid of liability for their support, but the proposition of Overseer C. A. Smith in Barre beats anything so far heard of, says the Montpelier Journal.

Mr. Smith has asked the city council for money to pay the expenses of a whole family to California. The head of the family is a consumptive and Mr. Smith reasons that it will cost more for the city to support the family this winter if it stays here than it will to ship them to California and that, moreover, there is a strong chance of the consumptive's recovery in that climate, while it will be sure death if he remains in Barre. This is a strange mixture of financial shrewdness and humanitarianism, leaving the question of legality aside.

Did you get up with a headache?

Bad taste in your mouth? Not much appetite for breakfast? Tongue coated? Then you have too much bile in your system. Wake up your liver and get rid of some of this bile. Ayer's Pills! Ayer's Pills! Sold for over sixty years.

Home Ground Corn Meal and Graham

For cooking. Made from Native Corn and Wheat. Try a few pounds of it and you will use no other.

THE AVERILL MILLS,

Telephone 115-12. 23 South Main Street, Barre, Vt.